

SOLVED & FULLY VERIFIED MCQ BANK

Senior Auditor (BS-14) & Advanced PPSC **Model Paper**

100 Multiple-Choice Questions covering Pakistan Affairs, General Knowledge, English, Mathematics, Accounting & Auditing, Geography, Urdu Literature and Islamic Studies — every answer independently re-checked and corrected where the original paper was wrong.

100 Questions Solved

Every Answer Verified

Urdu Explanations Included

10 Subject Sections

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10 sections · 100 fully solved & explained MCQs

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How answers were verified: every question in this booklet was independently re-checked against reliable reference sources rather than simply copied from the original scan. Corrections and clarifications are flagged with a small note wherever the source paper contained an error, an outdated fact, or an incomplete option set.

SECTION 1 OF 10

Pakistan Affairs & Freedom Movement History

Questions 1 – 24



1 The Urdu-Hindi controversy in the Subcontinent started in year?

A 1857

B 1867 ✓

C 1875

D 1937

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

The Urdu-Hindi (Nagari) controversy began in 1867 in Benares (Varanasi), when Hindu leaders demanded that Hindi in the Devanagari script replace Urdu as the official court language of the United Provinces.

2 Bengal was partitioned by Lord Curzon in Year?

A 1905 ✓

B 1909

C 1913

D 1919

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

Viceroy Lord Curzon partitioned Bengal on 16 October 1905. Though officially an administrative measure, it was widely seen as a divide-and-rule tactic; the partition was annulled in 1911.

3 Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar was buried in?

A Delhi

B Lucknow

C Jerusalem ✓

D Makkah

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

A leading figure of the Khilafat Movement, Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar died in London in 1931 and, at his own wish, was buried in Jerusalem within the precincts of the Al-Aqsa Mosque.

4 Mahatama Gandhi was assassinated in year?

A 1947

B 1948 ✓

C 1950

D 1987

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Gandhi was shot dead in New Delhi on 30 January 1948 by Nathuram Godse.

5 The first* Islamic Summit Conference was held in Lahore in year?
(*see note below)

A 1964

B 1972

C 1974 ✓

D 1994

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

As the source's own footnote clarifies, the very first OIC Islamic Summit was actually held in Rabat, Morocco (1969). The summit hosted in Lahore was the second one, held in February 1974.

Note: Source footnote: 1st Islamic Summit – Rabat, Morocco, 22–25 Sept 1969; 2nd Islamic Summit – Lahore, Pakistan, 22–24 Feb 1974.

6 Who was the first President of Pakistan?

A Ghulam Muhammad

B Nazimuddin

C Iskandar Mirza ✓

D Ch. Muhammad Ali

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Iskandar Mirza became Pakistan's first President on 23 March 1956, when the country adopted its first Constitution and became an Islamic Republic.

7

Objectives Resolution was passed in year?

☐ A 1940☒ B 1949 ✓☐ C 1974☐ D 1985● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B****EXPLANATION**

Moved by PM Liaquat Ali Khan, the Objectives Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly on 12 March 1949, laying down the foundational principles for Pakistan's future constitutions.

8

1956 Constitution of Pakistan was abrogated and Martial Law was imposed on?

☐ A 6th March 1958☒ B 7th October 1958 ✓☐ C 27th October 1958☐ D 16th December 1958● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B****EXPLANATION**

President Iskandar Mirza abrogated the 1956 Constitution and imposed Pakistan's first Martial Law on 7 October 1958, appointing General Ayub Khan as Chief Martial Law Administrator.

9 The Constitution Commission set up by Ayub Khan was headed by?

A Justice Shahab-ud-Din ✓

B Justice Munir

C Justice Sharif

D Justice Cornelius

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

The Constitution Commission formed by Ayub Khan in 1960 was chaired by Justice Muhammad Shahabuddin; its recommendations led to the 1962 Constitution.

10 Tashkent Declaration with Pakistan was signed by Indian Prime Minister?

A Jawahar Lal Nehru

B Lal Bahadur Shastri ✓

C Indir Gandhi

D Atal Behari Vajpai

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

The Tashkent Declaration (10 January 1966), ending the 1965 war, was signed by President Ayub Khan and Indian PM Lal Bahadur Shastri, with Soviet mediation.

11

Ayub Khan handed over power to General Yahya on?

A 25th March 1969 ✓**B** 25th April 1969**C** 25th October 1969**D** 25th November 1969● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A****EXPLANATION**

Facing mass unrest, President Ayub Khan resigned and handed over power to Commander-in-Chief General Yahya Khan on 25 March 1969.

12

Muhammad Ali Jinnah joined Muslim League in?

A 1906**B** 1911**C** 1913 ✓**D** 1916● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C****EXPLANATION**

Jinnah joined the All-India Muslim League in 1913 while remaining a Congress member, working to bring the two organisations closer together.

13 Who gave Jinnah the title of 'Ambassador of Hindu Muslim Unity'?

A Maulana Azad

B Nehru

C Sarojini Naidu ✓

D Lord Morley

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Poet-politician Sarojini Naidu gave Jinnah this title in her 1916 biographical sketch of him, honouring his efforts toward Hindu-Muslim cooperation, which culminated in the Lucknow Pact.

14 Muslims' demand for 'Separate Electorate' was accepted in?

A 1906

B 1916

C 1909 ✓

D 1938

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Though first raised by the Simla Deputation in 1906, separate electorates for Muslims were officially granted under the Indian Councils Act (Minto-Morley Reforms) of 1909.

15 Allama Iqbal gave Allahabad Address in Year?

A 1906

B 1916

C 1930 ✓

D 1938

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Iqbal delivered his famous presidential address to the Muslim League session at Allahabad on 29 December 1930, presenting the idea of a separate Muslim state in India's northwest.

Note: Source printed only three options here (1906 / 1916 / 1930); a fourth, 1938, has been added for consistency. Correct year: 1930.

16 Pakistan Resolution was moved by?

A Maulvi Fazal-ul-Haq ✓

B Maulana Bhashani

C Maulana Fazal ur-Rehman

D Maulana Shibli

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

A. K. Fazlul Haq ('Sher-e-Bangla'), Chief Minister of Bengal, moved the Lahore (Pakistan) Resolution at the Muslim League session on 23 March 1940.

17 The partition plan of India is also known as?

A March 23 Plan

B August 14 Plan

C June 3 Plan ✓

D July 4 Plan

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Announced by Viceroy Lord Mountbatten on 3 June 1947, the plan for partitioning British India is known as the June 3 Plan (Mountbatten Plan).

18 Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated in Year?

A 1949

B 1950

C 1951 ✓

D 1953

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Pakistan's first Prime Minister, Liaquat Ali Khan, was assassinated at a public meeting in Rawalpindi on 16 October 1951.

19 The Constituent Assembly of Pakistan was dissolved in Year?

A 1953

B 1954 ✓

C 1956

D 1958

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Governor-General Ghulam Muhammad dissolved the first Constituent Assembly on 24 October 1954 - a controversial move later validated under the 'law of necessity.'

20 Indus Basin Treaty was signed in Year?

A 1960 ✓

B 1961

C 1962

D 1963

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

The Indus Waters Treaty between Pakistan and India, brokered by the World Bank, was signed on 19 September 1960 by President Ayub Khan and PM Nehru.

21 One Unit Bill was passed in Year?

A 1948

B 1950

C 1955 ✓

D 1970

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

The One Unit scheme, merging West Pakistan's provinces into a single administrative unit, was implemented in October 1955; it was dissolved again in 1970.

22 In 1964 R.C.D was signed by Pakistan, Iran and _____?

A Afghanistan

B Turkey ✓

C Saudi Arabia

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

The Regional Cooperation for Development (RCD) was formed in 1964 by Pakistan, Iran, and Turkey to promote regional economic cooperation; it was succeeded by the ECO in 1985.

23 1973 Constitution of Pakistan was promulgated on?

A 23rd March 1973

B 14th August 1973 ✓

C 1st July 1973

D 1st April 1973

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Pakistan's 1973 Constitution was passed by the National Assembly and came into force on 14 August 1973 - Pakistan's Independence Day.

24 Under 1973 Constitution of Pakistan, Head of Government is:

A Prime Minister ✓

B President

C Parliament

D Federal Cabinet

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

The 1973 Constitution establishes a parliamentary system in which the Prime Minister is the Head of Government, while the President is the (largely ceremonial) Head of State.

SECTION 2 OF 10

General Knowledge & Current Affairs

Questions 25 – 48



25 Who wrote 'Heer'?

A Iqbal Bhatti

B Inayat Bhatti

C Waris Shah ✓

D Faiz

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Waris Shah, an 18th-century Punjabi Sufi poet, wrote the celebrated romantic epic 'Heer Ranjha' around 1766.

26 What is the term used to denote the unauthorized and illegal accessing of computer programs, often with criminal intent?

A Virus

B Plagiarism

C Hacking ✓

D Breach

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Hacking refers to gaining unauthorized access to computer systems or data, often (though not always) with criminal intent.

27 Which public holiday is celebrated in the USA on 4 July every year?

A Constitution day

B Independence day ✓

C Blacks day

D New Deal

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

4 July marks the adoption of the Declaration of Independence in 1776 and is celebrated as US Independence Day.

28 Which city was once known as Constantinople?

A Cairo

B Qum

C Istanbul ✓

D California

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Constantinople, capital of the Byzantine and later Ottoman Empire, was officially renamed Istanbul in 1930.

29 What is the common name for sodium chloride?

A Acid

B Qalmi Shora

C Gandhak

D Salt ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

Sodium chloride (NaCl) is common table salt.

30 Which country in the Middle East is sometimes referred to as the Hashemite Kingdom?

A Jordan ✓

B Egypt

C Syria

D Kuwait

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

Jordan's official name is 'The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan,' ruled by the Hashemite dynasty.

31 Which body of people is sometimes referred to as 'the Fourth Estate'?

A Judiciary

B Executive

C The Press ✓

D Senate

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

'The Fourth Estate' is a traditional term for the news media/press, seen as an unofficial fourth pillar of society alongside the executive, legislature, and judiciary.

32 In which European City are the Headquarters of the Red Cross?

A New York

B Belgium

C Holland

D Geneva ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland.

33 What is the Richter Scale used to measure?

A Flood

B Volcano

C Earthquake ✓

D Tsunami

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

The Richter Scale measures the magnitude (energy release) of earthquakes.

34 For how many years did Nelson Mandela remain in prison?

A 27 years ✓

B 37 years

C 17 years

D 10 years

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

Mandela was imprisoned from 1962 to 1990 - 27 years - mostly on Robben Island, for his anti-apartheid activism.

35 'Kindergarten' refers to?

A A Nursery School ✓

B A small garden

C A children playground

D A children ward in Hospital

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

'Kindergarten,' German for 'children's garden,' refers to a pre-primary/nursery school for young children.

36 What is the Capital City of Australia?

A Sydney

B Canberra ✓

C Victoria

D Queensland

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Canberra - not Sydney - is Australia's purpose-built capital city.

37 Who is the Vice President of USA?

A Joe Biden ✓

B Hillary Clinton

C Sara Palin

D Richar Armitage

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

This is the answer intended by the original paper: Joe Biden served as US Vice President from 2009-2017 under President Obama, and is the only actual former/sitting VP among the options.

Note: Time-bound fact tied to this paper's original publication period. As of 2026, the current US Vice President is J. D. Vance - not among the given options.

38 Auditor General of Pakistan is appointed by?

A Prime Minister

B President ✓

C Finance Minister

D Cabinet

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Under Article 168 of the Constitution, the Auditor-General of Pakistan is appointed by the President.

39 How many states are in the USA?

A 48

B 49

C 50 ✓

D 51

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

The United States comprises 50 states.

40 River Indus originates from:

A Attock

B Gilgit Baltistan

C Xing Xiang autonomous region

D Tibetan Plateau ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

The Indus River originates near Lake Mansarovar on the Tibetan Plateau, flowing through Ladakh and Gilgit-Baltistan before entering the plains of Pakistan.

41 Katmandu is the largest City of which Country?

A Bhutan

B Nepal ✓

C Malaysia

D Sri Lanka

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Kathmandu is the capital and largest city of Nepal.

42 Who was the First Governor of Gilgit-Baltistan?

A Afzal Singh

B Agha Khan

C Dr. Shama Khalid ✓

D Sharif Astori

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Dr. Shama Khalid was sworn in as the first Governor of Gilgit-Baltistan on 23 March 2010, also becoming Pakistan's first woman governor; she passed away later that year.

43 Who is the King of Saudi Arabia?

A Fahad bin Abdul Aziz

B Abdullah bin Abdul Aziz ✓

C Ibn Saud

D Faisal bin Abdul Aziz

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

This is the answer intended by the original paper: King Abdullah bin Abdul Aziz reigned from 2005-2015.

Note: Time-bound fact: Saudi Arabia's current king (since 2015) is Salman bin Abdulaziz Al Saud - not among the given options.

44 Who erected the Taj Mahal in memory of his wife?

A Jahangir

B Shah Jahan ✓

C Akbar

D Humayun

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Mughal Emperor Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal in Agra as a mausoleum for his wife Mumtaz Mahal.

45 What did Burma change its name to in 1989?

A Myanmar ✓

B Rangoon

C Brazil

D Naypyidaw

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

Burma's military government officially renamed the country Myanmar in 1989 (its old capital Rangoon was also renamed Yangon).

46 Who founded the modern Republic of Turkey?

A Caliph Abdul Majeed

B Tariq bin Ziyad

C Mustafa Kamal ✓

D Babrak

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Mustafa Kemal Ataturk founded and became the first President of the modern Republic of Turkey in 1923, after leading the Turkish War of Independence.

47 What is the boiling point of water?

A 60C

B 80C

C 100C



D 120C

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius (212 F) at standard atmospheric pressure.

48 Which organ makes Urine?

A Pancreas

B Uterus

C Kidney



D Large Intestine

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

The kidneys filter blood and produce urine, which is then stored in the bladder.

SECTION 3 OF 10

English Vocabulary — Synonyms

Questions 49 – 53



49 FOIL - choose the most suitable word to match the given meaning.

A frustrate ✓

B shield

C desire

D gain

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

As a verb, 'foil' means to prevent a plan or attempt from succeeding - i.e., to frustrate it.

50 GARRULOUS - choose the most suitable word to match the given meaning.

A arid

B sociable

C quaint

D talkative ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

'Garrulous' describes someone excessively or needlessly talkative.

51 INTEGRATE - choose the most suitable word to match the given meaning.

A tolerate

B unite ✓

C copy

D assume

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

'Integrate' means to combine parts into a whole - i.e., to unite.

52 REPLENISH - choose the most suitable word to match the given meaning.

A repeat

B reinstate

C reuse

D refill ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

'Replenish' means to fill something up again - i.e., to refill it.

53

ZEALOT - choose the most suitable word to match the given meaning.

A beginner

B patron

C fanatic



D murderer

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

A 'zealot' is a person who is fanatically committed to a cause.

SECTION 4 OF 10

English Idioms & Phrases

Questions 54 – 59



54 Beat about the bush:

A Try to meet George Bush

B To avoid the main topic ✓

C To make a noise

D To accompany someone in a jungle

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

This idiom means to avoid getting to the point, or to speak indirectly about the main issue.

55 Cock and Bull story:

A a true story

B a lengthy tale

C story told by an idiot

D an unbelievable tale ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

A 'cock and bull story' is an implausible, far-fetched excuse or tale.

56 Have an Axe to Grind:

A to use axe frequently

B selfish motive ✓

C to have a dispute with someone

D to be fair with someone

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

To 'have an axe to grind' means to have a private, often selfish, motive or grievance behind one's actions.

57 Let sleeping dogs lie:

A to avoid restarting a conflict ✓

B to avoid disturbing someone

C to care for dogs

D to kill the sleeping dogs

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

This idiom advises leaving a settled, quiet situation alone rather than risking new trouble by reviving it.

58 On the Fence:

A In a position of advantage

B in a difficult situation

C about to fall

D undecided ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

To be 'on the fence' means to be undecided or neutral about an issue.

59 Rule of Thumb:

A mark of thumb on a legal paper

B a rough estimate ✓

C an easy choice

D an unknown rule

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

A 'rule of thumb' is a broadly practical, approximate method or estimate - not an exact rule.

SECTION 5 OF 10

English Grammar — Prepositions

Questions 60 – 63



60 Fill in the blank with the correct preposition: The Huntsman aimed _____ the lion.

A on

B up

C at ✓

D in

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

'Aim at' is the correct combination - one aims a weapon 'at' a target.

61 Fill in the blank with the correct preposition: He has resigned and will hand _____ charge of his post today.

A out

B over ✓

C off

D in

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

'Hand over' means to formally transfer (charge/responsibility) to someone else.

62 Fill in the blank with the correct preposition: His father passed
----- last night.

A out

B off

C over

D away ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

'Pass away' is the idiomatic phrase meaning to die.

63 Fill in the blank with the correct preposition: This merchant deals
----- silk goods.

A with

B about

C for

D in ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

'Deal in' (a commodity) is the correct usage for a merchant's line of trade.

SECTION 6 OF 10

Mathematics & Quantitative Reasoning

Questions 64 – 72



64 If $K = 6 \times 17$, then which of the following is a multiple of K ?

A 68

B 85

C 136

D 204 ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

$K = 6 \times 17 = 102$. Among the options, only 204 ($= 102 \times 2$) is a multiple of 102.

65 What is the value of $(4 + a)(4 - b)$ when $a = 4$ and $b = -4$?

A -64

B -16

C 0

D 64 ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

$(4 + 4)(4 - (-4)) = (8)(8) = 64$.

66 $652(523) + 427(652)$ is equal to which of the following?

A $523(652 + 427)$

B $652(523 + 427)$ ✓

C 1288025

D 1487825

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Since $427(652) = 652(427)$, factoring out the common factor 652 gives $652(523) + 652(427) = 652(523 + 427)$ - a direct application of the distributive law.

67 If $2^x = 32$, what is x squared?

A 5

B 10

C 25 ✓

D 100

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

$32 = 2$ to the power 5, so $x = 5$, and x squared = 5 squared = 25.

68

If 100 kilograms of Sugar was divided into packages, each of which weighed $\frac{4}{7}$ of a Kilogram, how many packages were there?

☐ A 25☐ B 100☐ C 75☒ D 175 ✓

● CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D

EXPLANATION

100 divided by $(\frac{4}{7}) = 100 \times \frac{7}{4} = \frac{700}{4} = 175$ packages.

69

Izza gave 20% of her candies to Urooj and 15% to Mehwish. If she still had 520 candies, how many did she have originally?

☐ A 600☒ B 800 ✓☐ C 900☐ D 1000

● CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B

EXPLANATION

She gave away 35% and kept 65% of the original amount x : $0.65x = 520$, so $x = 520 / 0.65 = 800$.

70

After Ali gave 110 Pencils to Afzal and 75 to Amjad, he still had 315 left. What percent of his pencils did Ali give away?

☐ A 25%

☒ B 37% ✓

☐ C 40%

☐ D 50%

● CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B

EXPLANATION

Original total = $110 + 75 + 315 = 500$. Percent given away = $185/500 \times 100 = 37\%$.

Note: The source's own worked solution mistakenly totalled 490 instead of 500 ($110+75+315$ actually = 500); corrected here - the answer, 37% (option B), is unaffected.

71

The population of a country doubled every 10 years from 1950 to 1980. What was the percent increase in population during this time?

☐ A 300%

☐ B 400%

☒ C 700% ✓

☐ D 800%

● CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C

EXPLANATION

Taking the 1950 population as 100: it becomes 200 (1960), 400 (1970), and 800 (1980). Increase = $800 - 100 = 700$, i.e. a 700% increase.

72

If Meena solved 24 math problems in 15 minutes, at this rate, how many problems can she solve in 40 minutes?

A 40

B 48

C 60

D 64 ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

Rate = $24/15 = 1.6$ problems per minute. In 40 minutes: $1.6 \times 40 = 64$.

SECTION 7 OF 10

Accounting & Auditing

Questions 73 – 78



73 An increase in stock of Rs. 250, a decrease in the bank balance of Rs. 400, and an increase in Creditors of Rs. 1200 results in:

A a decrease in working capital of Rs. 1,350 ✓

B an increase in working capital of Rs. 1,350

C a decrease in working capital of Rs. 1050

D an increase in working capital of Rs. 1050

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION A**

EXPLANATION

Working capital = current assets - current liabilities. Effect: +250 (stock, asset up) -400 (bank, asset down) -1200 (creditors, liability up) = -1,350, i.e. a decrease of Rs. 1,350.

74 A decrease in provision for doubtful debts would result in:

A an increase in liabilities

B a decrease in working capital

C a decrease in net profit

D an increase in net profit ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

A smaller provision means a smaller bad-debts expense charged to the profit and loss account, which increases net profit (and increases net receivables/assets).

75 The phrase 'net book value' when applied to fixed assets means that:

A the assets are shown in balance sheet at their original cost

B the assets are valued at their likely selling price

C the assets have been depreciated using the reducing balance method

D the assets are shown in the balance sheet at their cost less accumulated depreciation ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

Net book value = original (historical) cost minus accumulated depreciation to date - not market or selling value, and not tied to any one depreciation method.

76 Stock is valued using FIFO. Opening stock was 10 units at Rs. 2 each. Purchases were 30 units at Rs. 3 each, then issues of 12 units were made, followed by issues of 8 units. The value of closing stock will be?

A Rs. 40

B Rs. 60 ✓

C Rs. 80

D Rs. 100

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION B**

EXPLANATION

Under FIFO, the 20 units issued are drawn first from the 10 opening units (@Rs. 2), then 10 units from the Rs. 3 purchase batch - leaving 20 units of the Rs. 3 batch in stock: $20 \times \text{Rs. } 3 = \text{Rs. } 60$.

77 The expression 'independent opinion' is most commonly associated with:

A Accounting

B Management

C Administration

D Auditing ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

Forming and expressing an independent opinion on financial statements is the defining role of an external auditor.

78 An on-going appraisal of an organization's operations by its own employees who evaluate and monitor the risk management, Governance and Control practices of the organization is called?

A Management by Objectives

B Quality Control

C External Audit

D Internal Audit ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

This is the standard definition of Internal Audit - an in-house, continuous evaluation function, distinct from the periodic, independent External Audit.

SECTION 8 OF 10

Pakistan Geography

Questions 79 – 81



79 With how many countries does Pakistan share borders?

A 2

B 3

C 4 ✓

D 5

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

Pakistan borders four countries: Afghanistan, China, India, and Iran.

80 Which Province of Pakistan has the largest area?

A Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

B Punjab

C Sindh

D Baluchistan ✓

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION D**

EXPLANATION

Balochistan is Pakistan's largest province by area - about 44% of the country's total land area.

81

The border between Pakistan and Afghanistan is known as:

A Khyber Pass

B Shahrah-e-Resham

C Durand Line



D Bolan Pass

● **CORRECT ANSWER: OPTION C**

EXPLANATION

The Durand Line, demarcated in 1893 by Sir Mortimer Durand, forms the Pakistan-Afghanistan border.

SECTION 9 OF 10

اردو ادب (Urdu Literature)

Questions 82 – 90



82

اردو کے کس ناول نگار کو ”مصورِ غم“ کا خطاب ملا؟

(B) بانو قدسیہ

(A) امتیاز علی تاج

(D) اشفاق احمد

(C) ✓ راشد النخیری

● درست جواب: C

وضاحت

راشد النخیری کو ان کی دردمندانہ اور معاشرتی مسائل، خصوصاً عورتوں کے مسائل پر لکھی گئی کہانیوں کی بدولت ”مصورِ غم“ کا خطاب دیا گیا۔

83

”بانگ درا“ کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

(B) ✓ علامہ اقبال

(A) الطاف حسین حالی

(D) میر تقی میر

(C) شبلی نعمانی

● درست جواب: B

وضاحت

”بانگ درا“ علامہ محمد اقبال کا اردو شاعری کا پہلا مجموعہ ہے، جو 1924ء میں شائع ہوا۔

ڈاکٹر وزیر آغا کا تعلق پنجاب کے کس ضلع سے تھا؟

(B) راولپنڈی

(A) لاہور

(D) ✓ سرگودھا

(C) جھنگ

● درست جواب : D

وضاحت

ڈاکٹر وزیر آغا 1922ء میں وزیر کوٹ، ضلع سرگودھا میں پیدا ہوئے۔ وہ ممتاز نقاد، انشائیہ نگار اور شاعر تھے۔

مشہور ناول ”راجہ گدھ“ کے ناول نگار کا نام بتائیے؟

(B) عصمت چغتائی

(A) ✓ بانو قدسیہ

(D) قرۃ العین حیدر

(C) سعادت حسن منٹو

● درست جواب : A

وضاحت

”راجہ گدھ“ بانو قدسیہ کا شاہکار ناول ہے، جو نفسیاتی اور روحانی موضوعات پر مبنی ہے۔

”آواز دوست“ کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

(B) قدرت اللہ شہاب

(A) پروین شاکر

(D) نیر نیازی

(C) ✓ مختار مسعود

● درست جواب : C

وضاحت

”آواز دوست“ مختار مسعود کی مشہور تصنیف ہے، جو ان کے فکر انگیز مضامین کا مجموعہ ہے۔

”ناچ نہ جانے آنگن ٹیڑھا“ سے کیا مراد ہے؟

(B) ✓ بے جا عذر کرنا

(A) خواہ مخواہ تنقید کرنا

(D) ناچ میں مہارت نہ ہونا

(C) غیر اخلاقی حرکت کرنا

● درست جواب : B

وضاحت

یہ محاورہ ایسے شخص کے لیے استعمال ہوتا ہے جو اپنی نااہلی چھپانے کے لیے بلا جواز بہانے (عذر) تراشتا ہے۔

”ہوا کے گھوڑے پر سوار ہونا“ کا کیا مطلب ہے؟

(B) خیالوں میں گم رہنا

(A) تیز باتیں کرنا

(D) ڈینگیں مارنا

(C) جلدی کرنا ✓

● درست جواب : C

وضاحت

اس محاورے کا مطلب ہے نہایت تیز رفتاری اور جلد بازی سے کوئی کام کرنا۔

”عقل کے ناخن لینا“ سے کیا مراد ہے؟

(B) بیوقوفی دکھانا

(A) ہوش میں آنا ✓

(D) مصنوعی ناخن لگوانا

(C) سر پر ہاتھ مارنا

● درست جواب : A

وضاحت

اس محاورے کا مطلب ہے سمجھ داری اختیار کرنا، یعنی ہوش و حواس اور عقل سے کام لینا۔

“اندھیر نگری چو پٹ راج” کا کیا مطلب ہے؟

(B) نخرے رکھنا

(A) اپنا مطلب نکالنا

(D) ✓ بے انصافی کا دور دورہ ہونا

(C) عدل کی حکمرانی

● درست جواب D

وضاحت

یہ محاورہ ایسی حکومت یا نظام کے لیے استعمال ہوتا ہے جہاں ہر طرف بے انصافی اور بد نظمی کا دور دورہ ہو۔

SECTION 10 OF 10

مطالعه اسلاميات (Islamic Studies)

Questions 91 – 100

91

قرآن مجید میں کس واقعہ کو ”فتح مبین“ کہا گیا؟

(B) فتح مکہ

(A) غزوہ بدر

(D) غزوہ خندق

(C) صلح حدیبیہ ✓

● درست جواب : C

وضاحت

سورۃ الفتح میں صلح حدیبیہ کو ”فتح مبین“ (کھلی فتح) قرار دیا گیا، کیونکہ اس معاہدے سے اسلام کی اشاعت کے دروازے کھل گئے۔

92

حضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے کب فرمایا تھا کہ ایک مسلمان کا خون، مال اور آبرو دوسرے مسلمان پر حرام ہے؟

(B) ہجرت مدینہ

(A) فتح مکہ

(D) خطبہ حجۃ الوداع ✓

(C) طائف سے واپسی

● درست جواب : D

وضاحت

یہ ارشاد نبی کریم صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے حجۃ الوداع کے موقع پر اپنے تاریخی خطبے میں فرمایا تھا۔

حضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کو غسل کس صحابیؓ نے دیا تھا؟

(B) حضرت عثمانؓ

(A) حضرت ابوبکر صدیقؓ

(D) حضرت بلالؓ

(C) حضرت علیؓ ✓

● درست جواب C

وضاحت

نبی کریم صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کے وصال کے بعد حضرت علیؓ نے آپ صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کو غسل دیا۔

جیشہ کے بادشاہ نجاشی کے دربار میں مسلمان مہاجرین کی طرف سے کس نے تقریر کی تھی؟

(B) حضرت حمزہؓ

(A) حضرت عثمانؓ

(D) حضرت زید بن ثابتؓ

(C) حضرت جعفر طیارؓ ✓

● درست جواب C

وضاحت

حضرت جعفر بن ابی طالبؓ (جعفر طیارؓ) نے نجاشی کے دربار میں مسلمانوں کی طرف سے وہ مشہور تقریر کی جس نے بادشاہ کا دل موہ لیا۔

الہامی کتاب زبور کس پیغمبر پر نازل ہوئی؟

✓ حضرت داؤد (B)

(A) حضرت ابراہیمؑ

(D) حضرت موسیٰؑ

(C) حضرت نوحؑ

● درست جواب : B

وضاحت

زبور اللہ تعالیٰ کی طرف سے حضرت داؤدؑ پر نازل ہونے والی کتاب ہے۔

قرآن مجید کی سب سے لمبی سورۃ کون سی ہے؟

(B) سورۃ آل عمران

(A) سورۃ یسین

(D) سورۃ نوح

✓ سورۃ بقرہ (C)

● درست جواب : C

وضاحت

سورۃ البقرہ 286 آیات پر مشتمل ہے اور قرآن مجید کی سب سے طویل سورت ہے۔

حضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے بیعتِ رضوان کب لی تھی؟

(B) 5 ہجری

(A) 3 ہجری

(D) 9 ہجری

(C) 6 ہجری ✓

● درست جواب : C

وضاحت

بیعتِ رضوان 6 ہجری میں مقامِ حدیبیہ پر لی گئی، جب صحابہ کرامؓ نے درخت کے نیچے آپ صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کے ہاتھ پر جان کی بازی لگانے کی بیعت کی۔

نزولِ قرآن مجید کس اسلامی مہینے میں شروع ہوا؟

(B) ماہ شعبان

(A) ماہ صفر

(D) ماہ ذوالحج

(C) ماہ رمضان ✓

● درست جواب : C

وضاحت

قرآن مجید کا نزول رمضان المبارک کی شبِ قدر میں شروع ہوا، جیسا کہ سورۃ البقرہ میں بیان ہوا ہے۔

حضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے کس سال حجۃ الوداع ادا کیا؟

(B) ۶۳۰

(A) ۶۲۸

(D) ۶۳۴

(C) ۶۳۲ ✓

● درست جواب C

وضاحت

حضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے ۶۳۲ء (۱۰ ہجری) میں اپنا واحد اور آخری حج، حجۃ الوداع، ادا کیا۔

اسلامی کیلنڈر کے پہلے مہینے کا کیا نام ہے؟

(B) جمادی الاول

(A) ربیع الاول

(D) شوال

(C) محرم ✓

● درست جواب C

وضاحت

اسلامی (ہجری) قمری کیلنڈر کا پہلا مہینہ محرم الحرام ہے۔

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