



PAKISTAN CURRENT AFFAIRS

80 SOLVED MCQS • 2026 EDITION

A carefully compiled full-length paper of the latest Pakistan current affairs multiple-choice questions — covering politics, government & constitutional offices, foreign relations, the economy, sports, and core general knowledge — complete with highlighted correct answers and concise explanations. Ideal for CSS, PMS, NTS and other competitive examination candidates.

80

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Full Paper · 80 Questions · Politics & Government · Foreign Relations · Economy · Sports · General Knowledge

1 Who is the current President of Pakistan (as of 2026)?

- A. Arif Alvi
- B. Asif Ali Zardari** ✓
- C. Yusuf Raza Gilani
- D. Sardar Ayaz Sadiq

Explanation: Asif Ali Zardari has been serving as President of Pakistan since March 2024 and continues in the role in 2026, becoming only the second person to hold the presidency twice.

2 Who is the incumbent Prime Minister of Pakistan?

- A. Imran Khan
- B. Ishaq Dar
- C. Shehbaz Sharif** ✓
- D. Bilawal Bhutto Zardari

Explanation: Shehbaz Sharif continues to serve as Prime Minister, leading the coalition government and remaining active in regional diplomacy through 2026.

3 Who is the current Chairman of the Senate of Pakistan?

- A. Yusuf Raza Gilani** ✓
- B. Sadiq Sanjrani
- C. Ayaz Sadiq
- D. Raza Rabbani

Explanation: Yusuf Raza Gilani, a former Prime Minister, serves as Chairman of the Senate in the current parliamentary setup.

4 Who holds the office of Speaker of the National Assembly of Pakistan?

- A. Asad Qaiser
- B. Ayaz Sadiq**
- C. Raja Pervaiz Ashraf
- D. Qasim Suri

Explanation: Sardar Ayaz Sadiq is the Speaker of the 16th National Assembly of Pakistan, a position he has held before as well.

5 Who is the current Chief Justice of Pakistan?

- A. Qazi Faez Isa
- B. Yahya Afridi**
- C. Umar Ata Bandial
- D. Gulzar Ahmed

Explanation: Justice Yahya Afridi heads Pakistan's judiciary as Chief Justice, succeeding Qazi Faez Isa.

6 Who is the current Chief Election Commissioner (CEC) of Pakistan?

- A. Raja Shahbaz
- B. Sikandar Sultan Raja**
- C. Ikramul Haq Sindhu
- D. Nisar Ahmed Durrani

Explanation: Sikandar Sultan Raja continues as Chief Election Commissioner, overseeing polls including the 2026 Gilgit-Baltistan Assembly elections.

7 Who serves as Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister of Pakistan?

- A. Bilawal Bhutto Zardari
- B. Khawaja Asif
- C. Mohammad Ishaq Dar**
- D. Jalil Abbas Jilani

Explanation: Senator Mohammad Ishaq Dar holds the dual role of Deputy PM and Foreign Minister, representing Pakistan at forums such as the 2026 WAICO signing in Shanghai.

8 Who is the Chief of Army Staff / Field Marshal of Pakistan?

- A. Qamar Javed Bajwa
- B. Syed Asim Munir**
- C. Sahir Shamshad Mirza
- D. Nadeem Raza

Explanation: Field Marshal Syed Asim Munir leads the Pakistan Army and remains central to security and diplomatic engagements in 2026.

9 Who is the Chief Minister of Punjab?

- A. Chaudhry Parvez Elahi
- B. Maryam Nawaz**
- C. Hamza Shehbaz
- D. Usman Buzdar

Explanation: Maryam Nawaz has served as Chief Minister of Punjab since February 2024, the first woman to hold the office in the province.

10 Who is the Chief Minister of Sindh?

- A. Murad Ali Shah**
- B. Kamran Tessori
- C. Nasir Hussain Shah
- D. Sharjeel Memon

Explanation: Syed Murad Ali Shah continues as Chief Minister of Sindh, leading a PPP provincial government.

11 Who is the current Chief Minister of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa?

- A. Ali Amin Gandapur
- B. Sohail Afridi**
- C. Mahmood Khan
- D. Akram Khan Durrani

Explanation: Sohail Afridi of PTI took charge as CM of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on 15 October 2025 and continues to lead the provincial government.

12 Who is the Chief Minister of Balochistan?

- A. Jam Kamal Khan
- B. Abdul Qudoos Bizenjo
- C. Sarfraz Bugti**
- D. Jaffar Khan Mandokhail

Explanation: Sarfraz Bugti has been Chief Minister of Balochistan since March 2024, heading a PPP-led coalition government.

13 Jaffar Khan Mandokhail currently holds which position?

- A. Chief Minister of Balochistan
- B. Governor of Balochistan**
- C. Speaker Balochistan Assembly
- D. Federal Interior Minister

Explanation: Jaffar Khan Mandokhail has served as Governor of Balochistan since May 2024, representing the federation in the province.

14 Who is the Governor of Sindh?

- A. Imran Ismail
- B. Kamran Khan Tessori**
- C. Ishrat-ul-Ebad Khan
- D. Owais Muzaffar Tappi

Explanation: Kamran Khan Tessori has served as Governor of Sindh since October 2022.

15 Who is the Governor of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa?

- A. Shah Farman
- B. Faisal Karim Kundi**
- C. Haji Ghulam Ali
- D. Iqbal Zafar Jhagra

Explanation: Faisal Karim Kundi has held the office of Governor of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa since May 2024.

16 Who is the President of Azad Jammu & Kashmir (AJK)?

A. Sultan Mehmood Chaudhry



B. Chaudhry Anwarul Haq

C. Masood Khan

D. Barrister Sultan Mahmood

Explanation: Sultan Mehmood Chaudhry serves as President of AJK, while Chaudhry Anwarul Haq is its Prime Minister.

17 Who is the current Prime Minister of Azad Jammu & Kashmir?

A. Raja Farooq Haider

B. Chaudhry Anwarul Haq



C. Tanveer Ilyas

D. Sardar Attique Ahmed Khan

Explanation: Chaudhry Anwarul Haq has been PM of AJK since April 2023, leading a PTI-affiliated coalition government.

18 Which party emerged as the largest in the Gilgit-Baltistan Assembly elections held in June 2026?

A. PML-N

B. Pakistan Peoples Party (PPP)



C. Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI)

D. JUI (F)

Explanation: The PPP emerged as the largest party in the June 2026 GB elections but fell short of a majority, leading to coalition talks with independents and PML-N.

19 Pakistan signed as a Founding Member of which organisation established in Shanghai in 2026?

A. Shanghai Cooperation Organisation

B. Belt and Road Investment Council

C. World Artificial Intelligence Cooperation Organization (WAICO)



D. Global Digital Trade Forum

Explanation: DPM/FM Ishaq Dar signed the agreement establishing WAICO in Shanghai in July 2026 on Pakistan's behalf as a founding member.

20 What has been Pakistan's official policy stance on the 2026 Iran war involving the US and Israel?

- A. Direct military support to Iran
- B. Formal alliance with the United States
- C. Official neutrality with calls for restraint and mediation**
- D. Severance of diplomatic ties with all parties

Explanation: Pakistan adopted official neutrality after the escalation began in February 2026, condemning attacks on all sides while mediating through the Islamabad Talks.

21 Which negotiation, hosted by Pakistan in April 2026, aimed at easing regional tensions from the Iran conflict?

- A. Karachi Dialogue
- B. Islamabad Talks**
- C. Lahore Peace Summit
- D. Murree Accord

Explanation: Pakistan hosted the first round of the Islamabad Talks on 10–11 April 2026 as part of its mediation efforts.

22 Alongside the Iran-related tensions, Pakistan was simultaneously engaged in a 2026 conflict with which neighbour?

- A. India
- B. Afghanistan**
- C. Iran
- D. China

Explanation: Pakistan faced concurrent tensions on its western border, engaged in hostilities with Afghanistan in 2026 even as it mediated the wider regional crisis.

23 The Board of Investment (BOI) is being merged with which body as part of recent reform efforts?

- A. Federal Board of Revenue
- B. Special Investment Facilitation Council (SIFC)**
- C. State Bank of Pakistan
- D. Planning Commission

Explanation: The proposed BOI-SIFC merger is being framed as a chance for deeper structural reform of investment facilitation, not just an administrative change.

24 A proposed 2026 facility, backed by which country's Treasury, aims to strengthen Pakistan's reserves and ease debt pressure?

- A. China
- B. Saudi Arabia
- C. United States**
- D. United Kingdom

Explanation: Mid-2026 reporting described a proposed facility backed by the US Treasury to strengthen Pakistan's reserves and ease debt-servicing pressure.

25 Pakistan's FY26 trade imbalance has been driven mainly by higher imports from China and which other factor?

- A. A surge in oil imports from Russia
- B. Suspension of exports to Afghanistan (Kabul)**
- C. A drop in textile exports to the EU
- D. New tariffs imposed by India

Explanation: FY26 trade reporting attributed the widening imbalance to higher imports from China alongside the suspension of exports to Afghanistan amid border tensions.

26 What distance did Arshad Nadeem throw to win Pakistan's first individual Olympic gold medal at Paris 2024?

- A. 89.45 metres
- B. 90.57 metres
- C. 92.97 metres**
- D. 95.10 metres

Explanation: Arshad Nadeem threw 92.97 metres in the javelin final at Paris 2024, setting a new Olympic and Asian record.

27 India's Neeraj Chopra won silver at Paris 2024 javelin with a throw of how many metres?

- A. 87.58 m
- B. 88.54 m
- C. 89.45 m**
- D. 90.18 m

Explanation: Neeraj Chopra's best valid attempt of 89.45m secured silver behind Arshad Nadeem's Olympic-record gold-winning throw.

28 Pakistani squash player Nauman Khan made headlines in 2026 by advancing at which tournament?

- A. World Squash Championship (Seniors)
- B. World Squash Junior Individual Championships 2026**
- C. Asian Squash Championship
- D. Commonwealth Games Squash Event

Explanation: Nauman Khan kept Pakistan's hopes alive at the World Squash Junior Individual Championships 2026 with a determined performance to advance.

29 Croatia's Minister for Foreign and European Affairs, who visited Pakistan in July 2026, is:

- A. Andrej Plenković
- B. Gordan Grlić Radman**
- C. Zoran Milanović
- D. Davor Božinović

Explanation: Croatian FM Gordan Grlić Radman paid an official visit to Pakistan on 9 July 2026, covering trade, education and defence cooperation.

30 The Gilgit-Baltistan Chief Minister's office fell vacant from 24 November 2025 mainly because of:

- A. A no-confidence vote
- B. Dissolution of the Assembly ahead of the June 2026 elections**
- C. Resignation over corruption charges
- D. A court order disqualifying the Assembly

Explanation: The GB Assembly and its CM's office stood vacant from 24 November 2025 as the outgoing assembly's term ended ahead of fresh elections on 7 June 2026.

31 Who currently captains Pakistan's Test cricket team?

- A. Babar Azam
- B. Shan Masood**
- C. Shaheen Afridi
- D. Salman Ali Agha

Explanation: Shan Masood leads Pakistan's Test side, while white-ball captaincy is split between Shaheen Afridi (ODI) and Salman Ali Agha (T20I).

32 Who currently captains Pakistan's ODI cricket team?

- A. Shan Masood
- B. Mohammad Rizwan
- C. Shaheen Afridi**
- D. Babar Azam

Explanation: Shaheen Shah Afridi captains Pakistan's ODI side as part of the format-wise captaincy split.

33 Who currently captains Pakistan's T20I cricket team?

- A. Salman Ali Agha**
- B. Shadab Khan
- C. Shan Masood
- D. Babar Azam

Explanation: Salman Ali Agha leads Pakistan's T20I side under the current format-wise captaincy structure.

34 Who is Pakistan cricket's white-ball head coach?

- A. Mickey Arthur
- B. Mike Hesson**
- C. Gary Kirsten
- D. Jason Gillespie

Explanation: Mike Hesson serves as Pakistan's white-ball head coach, alongside Sarfraz Ahmed as the Test head coach.

35 Who serves as Pakistan cricket's Test head coach?

- A. Sarfraz Ahmed**
- B. Younis Khan
- C. Misbah-ul-Haq
- D. Mohammad Yousuf

Explanation: Former captain and wicketkeeper Sarfraz Ahmed heads the Test coaching setup for the Pakistan cricket team.

36 Which team won the 2026 Pakistan Super League (PSL 11) title?

- A. Lahore Qalandars
- B. Islamabad United
- C. Peshawar Zalmi**
- D. Karachi Kings

Explanation: Peshawar Zalmi, captained by Babar Azam, defeated Hyderabad Kingsmen to win their second PSL title in 2026.

37 Who was the runner-up in the 2026 PSL final?

A. Quetta Gladiators

B. Hyderabad Kingsmen



C. Multan Sultans

D. Rawalpindiz

Explanation: Debutant franchise Hyderabad Kingsmen, led by Marnus Labuschagne, finished runner-up in the 2026 PSL final.

38 Where was the 2026 PSL final played?

A. National Stadium, Karachi

B. Gaddafi Stadium, Lahore



C. Rawalpindi Cricket Stadium

D. Multan Cricket Stadium

Explanation: The 2026 PSL final was played at Gaddafi Stadium, Lahore, on 3 May 2026, setting a record attendance of 32,461.

39 Who was named Player of the Series in PSL 2026?

A. Aaron Hardie

B. Babar Azam

C. Sufiyan Muqeem



D. Shaheen Afridi

Explanation: Peshawar Zalmi's Sufiyan Muqeem, with 22 wickets, was named Player of the Series in PSL 2026.

40 Which two teams share the record for most PSL titles (3 each)?

A. Peshawar Zalmi & Karachi Kings

B. Islamabad United & Lahore Qalandars



C. Quetta Gladiators & Multan Sultans

D. Lahore Qalandars & Karachi Kings

Explanation: Islamabad United and Lahore Qalandars are jointly the most successful PSL franchises, with three titles each.

41 Who is Pakistan's Federal Minister for Finance and Revenue?

- A. Ishaq Dar
- B. Muhammad Aurangzeb**
- C. Shaukat Tarin
- D. Miftah Ismail

Explanation: Senator Muhammad Aurangzeb serves as Federal Minister for Finance and Revenue, steering Pakistan's fiscal policy in 2026.

42 Who is the current Governor of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP)?

- A. Reza Baqir
- B. Jameel Ahmad**
- C. Tariq Bajwa
- D. Ishrat Husain

Explanation: Jameel Ahmad has served as SBP Governor since August 2022, continuing to lead monetary policy through 2026.

43 Who captains Pakistan's women's national cricket team?

- A. Bismah Maroof
- B. Fatima Sana**
- C. Nida Dar
- D. Javeria Khan

Explanation: Fatima Sana captains Pakistan's women's cricket team, including their 2026 home series against Zimbabwe.

44 How did Pakistan's women's team perform against Zimbabwe in the May 2026 home series?

- A. Lost both ODI and T20I series
- B. Won the ODI series only
- C. Won both the ODI and T20I series 3–0**
- D. Series drawn

Explanation: Pakistan swept Zimbabwe Women 3–0 in both the ODI and T20I series played in May 2026, part of preparation for the 2026 Women's T20 World Cup.

45 How many total seats does Pakistan's National Assembly have?

- A. 272
- B. 336**
- C. 342
- D. 356

Explanation: Pakistan's National Assembly comprises 336 seats, with 169 needed to form a simple majority.

46 How many seats are needed for a majority in Pakistan's National Assembly?

- A. 150
- B. 169**
- C. 180
- D. 200

Explanation: A party or coalition needs 169 of the National Assembly's 336 seats to secure a working majority.

47 In the 2024 Pakistani general election, which party secured the most National Assembly seats?

- A. Pakistan Peoples Party
- B. Sunni Ittehad Council
- C. Pakistan Muslim League (N)**
- D. Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf

Explanation: PML-N secured 108 seats in the 2024 general election, followed by the Sunni Ittehad Council with 81 and PPP with 68.

48 How many total seats does the Gilgit-Baltistan Assembly have?

- A. 24
- B. 29
- C. 33**
- D. 40

Explanation: The GB Assembly has 33 seats in total: 24 directly elected, 6 reserved for women, and 3 for technocrats/professionals.

49 Approximately how many registered voters took part in the June 2026 Gilgit-Baltistan elections?

- A. About 500,000
- B. About 963,000**
- C. About 1.5 million
- D. About 2 million

Explanation: Gilgit-Baltistan had roughly 963,034 registered voters for the June 2026 Assembly elections, including about 566,000 male and 397,000 female voters.

50 What is the capital of Pakistan?

- A. Karachi
- B. Lahore
- C. Islamabad**
- D. Peshawar

Explanation: Islamabad has been Pakistan's capital since the 1960s, when it replaced Karachi as the seat of government.

51 What is the national language of Pakistan?

- A. Punjabi
- B. Urdu**
- C. Sindhi
- D. Pashto

Explanation: Urdu is constitutionally recognised as Pakistan's national language, alongside English as an official language.

52 What is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Rose
- B. Lily
- C. Jasmine (Chambeli)**
- D. Tulip

Explanation: Jasmine, locally known as Chambeli, is Pakistan's national flower, prized for its fragrance.

53 What is the national bird of Pakistan?

- A. Peacock
- B. Chukar Partridge**
- C. Falcon
- D. Eagle

Explanation: The Chukar Partridge is officially recognised as Pakistan's national bird.

54 What is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Snow Leopard
- B. Markhor**
- C. Ibex
- D. Blackbuck

Explanation: The Markhor, a large wild goat species with distinctive spiral horns, is Pakistan's national animal.

55 What is the national tree of Pakistan?

- A. Deodar**
- B. Banyan
- C. Neem
- D. Chinar

Explanation: The Deodar cedar, common in Pakistan's northern mountain forests, is the national tree.

56 Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh
- C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- D. Balochistan**

Explanation: Balochistan is Pakistan's largest province by land area, though it has the smallest population among the four provinces.

57 Which is the largest city of Pakistan by population?

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi**
- C. Faisalabad
- D. Islamabad

Explanation: Karachi, the capital of Sindh, is Pakistan's largest city and its principal seaport and financial hub.

58 What is the currency of Pakistan?

- A. Pakistani Rupee**
- B. Pakistani Dinar
- C. Pakistani Taka
- D. Pakistani Riyal

Explanation: The Pakistani Rupee (PKR) is the official currency, issued and regulated by the State Bank of Pakistan.

59 Which is the longest river in Pakistan?

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chenab
- C. Indus**
- D. Ravi

Explanation: The Indus River, from which the country's ancient civilisation takes its name, is Pakistan's longest river.

60 What is the highest peak in Pakistan?

- A. Nanga Parbat
- B. K2**
- C. Gasherbrum I
- D. Tirich Mir

Explanation: K2, at 8,611 metres, is Pakistan's highest peak and the world's second-highest mountain.

61 How many provinces does Pakistan currently have?

- A. Three
- B. Four**
- C. Five
- D. Six

Explanation: Pakistan has four provinces: Punjab, Sindh, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, and Balochistan.

62 On what date did Pakistan gain independence?

- A. 23 March 1940
- B. 14 August 1947**
- C. 15 August 1947
- D. 26 January 1948

Explanation: Pakistan came into existence as an independent state on 14 August 1947.

63 Who is regarded as the founder (Quaid-e-Azam) of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Allama Iqbal
- C. Muhammad Ali Jinnah**
- D. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

Explanation: Muhammad Ali Jinnah, honoured as Quaid-e-Azam, led the movement for Pakistan's creation and became its first Governor-General.

64 Who is known as Pakistan's national poet?

- A. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- B. Allama Iqbal**
- C. Ahmed Faraz
- D. Josh Malihabadi

Explanation: Allama Muhammad Iqbal, whose poetry inspired the idea of a separate Muslim homeland, is regarded as Pakistan's national poet.

65 Who wrote the lyrics of Pakistan's national anthem?

- A. Hafeez Jalandhari**
- B. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- C. Allama Iqbal
- D. Ahmed Nadeem Qasmi

Explanation: Hafeez Jalandhari wrote the lyrics of 'Qaumi Taranah', Pakistan's national anthem.

66 Who composed the music for Pakistan's national anthem?

- A. Ahmed Ghulamali Chagla**
- B. Nisar Bazmi
- C. Sohail Rana
- D. A. Hameed

Explanation: Ahmed Ghulamali Chagla composed the tune of Pakistan's national anthem, which was adopted before the lyrics were finalised.

67 Who was Pakistan's first Governor-General?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Muhammad Ali Jinnah**
- C. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- D. Iskander Mirza

Explanation: Muhammad Ali Jinnah served as Pakistan's first Governor-General from independence in 1947 until his death in 1948.

68 Who was Pakistan's first Prime Minister?

A. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓

B. Huseyn Shaheed Suhrawardy

C. Chaudhry Muhammad Ali

D. Feroz Khan Noon

Explanation: Liaquat Ali Khan served as Pakistan's first Prime Minister from 1947 until his assassination in 1951.

69 In which year was Pakistan's current constitution adopted?

A. 1956

B. 1962

C. 1973 ✓

D. 1985

Explanation: Pakistan's current constitution was adopted in 1973 and remains, with amendments, the country's supreme law.

70 What is Pakistan's official national sport?

A. Cricket

B. Hockey ✓

C. Kabaddi

D. Squash

Explanation: Field hockey is Pakistan's official national sport, even though cricket is the most widely followed game today.

71 On what date did Pakistan conduct its first nuclear tests?

A. 11 May 1998

B. 28 May 1998 ✓

C. 6 August 1998

D. 1 September 1998

Explanation: Pakistan carried out its first nuclear tests at Chagai, Balochistan, on 28 May 1998.

72 Where did Pakistan conduct its 1998 nuclear tests?

A. Chagai, Balochistan ✓

B. Kahuta, Punjab

C. Sui, Balochistan

D. Thar, Sindh

Explanation: The 1998 nuclear tests were carried out at the Chagai Hills in Balochistan, giving the tests their name, 'Chagai-I'.

73 How many countries share a land border with Pakistan?

- A. Three
- B. Four**
- C. Five
- D. Six

Explanation: Pakistan shares land borders with four countries: China, India, Iran, and Afghanistan.

74 Which ancient civilisation site, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, is located in Sindh, Pakistan?

- A. Taxila
- B. Mohenjo-daro**
- C. Harappa
- D. Mehrgarh

Explanation: Mohenjo-daro, in Sindh, is one of the best-preserved cities of the ancient Indus Valley Civilisation and a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

75 The Khewra Salt Mine, one of the world's largest salt mines, is located in which province?

- A. Punjab**
- B. Sindh
- C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- D. Balochistan

Explanation: The Khewra Salt Mine, in the Salt Range of Punjab, is among the largest and oldest salt mines in the world.

76 What is the name of Pakistan's national space agency?

- A. SUPARCO**
- B. PAEC
- C. PCSIR
- D. NESCOM

Explanation: SUPARCO (Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission) is Pakistan's national space agency, responsible for its space programme.

77 Which motorway connects Lahore and Islamabad?

- A. M1
- B. M2**
- C. M4
- D. M9

Explanation: The M2 Motorway links Lahore and Islamabad, and was one of Pakistan's earliest and longest motorways when completed.

78 Which Pakistani mountain range includes some of the world's highest peaks outside the Himalayas proper?

- A. Sulaiman Range
- B. Karakoram Range**
- C. Hindu Kush
- D. Salt Range

Explanation: The Karakoram Range in northern Pakistan contains several of the world's highest peaks, including K2.

79 Which is Pakistan's principal seaport and largest port city?

- A. Gwadar
- B. Karachi**
- C. Ormara
- D. Pasni

Explanation: Karachi Port is Pakistan's largest and busiest seaport, handling the bulk of the country's maritime trade.

80 The Gwadar Port, a key project of CPEC, is located in which province?

- A. Sindh
- B. Punjab
- C. Balochistan**
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Explanation: Gwadar Port, a flagship China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) project, is located on Balochistan's coastline.