

ISLAMIC STUDIES

100 Most Important & Most Repeated MCQs

Total Questions: 100

✓ Correct Answers Highlighted in Green

Marks: 100

◆ QURAN & REVELATION ◆

Q.1 The Holy Quran was revealed over a period of approximately:

(A) 10 years

✓ (B) 23 years

(C) 30 years

(D) 40 years

Q.2 The first Surah revealed to Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was:

(A) Surah Al-Fatiha

(B) Surah Al-Baqarah

✓ (C) Surah Al-Alaq

(D) Surah Al-Ikhlās

Q.3 The Holy Quran has how many Surahs (chapters)?

(A) 99

(B) 112

✓ (C) 114

(D) 124

Q.4 The longest Surah of the Holy Quran is:

(A) Surah Al-Imran

✓ (B) Surah Al-Baqarah

(C) Surah An-Nisa

(D) Surah Al-Maidah

Q.5 The shortest Surah of the Holy Quran is:

(A) Surah Al-Ikhlās

(B) Surah Al-Falaq

✓ (C) Surah Al-Kawthar

(D) Surah An-Nasr

Q.6 How many Ayahs (verses) are there in the Holy Quran?

(A) 5000

✓ (B) 6236

(C) 6666

(D) 7000

Q.7 The word 'Quran' literally means:

✓ (A) Reading / Recitation

(B) Guidance

(C) Light

(D) Message

Q.8 Which Surah is called the 'Heart of the Quran'?

(A) Surah Al-Fatiha

✓ (B) Surah Yasin

(C) Surah Al-Baqarah

(D) Surah Al-Kahf

Q.9 The first complete compilation of the Quran was done during the caliphate of:

(A) Hazrat Umar (RA)

(B) Hazrat Usman (RA)

✓ (C) Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA)

(D) Hazrat Ali (RA)

Q.10 The standardized written copies of the Quran were prepared during the caliphate of:

(A) Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA)

(B) Hazrat Ali (RA)

(C) Hazrat Umar (RA)

✓ (D) Hazrat Usman (RA)

◆ **PROPHET MUHAMMAD (PBUH)** ◆

Q.11 Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was born in:

(A) 570 CE

✓ (B) 571 CE

(C) 572 CE

(D) 580 CE

Q.12 The birthplace of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is:

(A) Madinah

✓ (B) Makkah

(C) Taif

(D) Jerusalem

Q.13 At what age did Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) receive the first revelation?

(A) 35 years

✓ (B) 40 years

(C) 45 years

(D) 50 years

Q.14 The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) passed away in:

(A) 630 CE

✓ (B) 632 CE

(C) 635 CE

(D) 640 CE

Q.15 The father of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was:

(A) Abu Talib

(B) Abdul Muttalib

✓ (C) Abdullah

(D) Abdul Uzza

Q.16 The mother of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was:

(A) Khadijah

✓ (B) Aminah

(C) Fatimah

(D) Haleema

Q.17 The foster mother of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was:

(A) Aminah

✓ (B) Haleema Saadia

(C) Zainab

(D) Ruqayyah

Q.18 The event of Hijra (migration) took place in:

(A) 610 CE

(B) 615 CE

✓ (C) 622 CE

(D) 625 CE

Q.19 Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was the _____ Prophet of Allah:

(A) First

✓ (B) Last

(C) Middle

(D) Second

Q.20 The title 'Al-Amin' (The Trustworthy) was given to the Prophet before prophethood at age:

(A) 20

✓ (B) 25

(C) 30

(D) 35

◆ PILLARS OF ISLAM ◆

Q.21 How many pillars of Islam are there?

(A) 3

(B) 4

✓ (C) 5

(D) 6

Q.22 Zakat (almsgiving) is obligatory on Muslims who possess wealth equal to or above:

✓ (A) Nisab

(B) Khums

(C) Jizya

(D) Sadaqah

Q.23 The Hajj is obligatory at least once in a lifetime for Muslims who are:

(A) Young and healthy

✓ (B) Physically and financially able

(C) Over 40 years old

(D) Male only

Q.24 The rate of Zakat on gold and silver is:

(A) 1/10 (10%)

✓ (B) 1/40 (2.5%)

(C) 1/5 (20%)

(D) 1/20 (5%)

Q.25 Sawm (fasting) is observed during the month of:

(A) Shawwal

✓ (B) Ramadan

(C) Dhul Hijjah

(D) Muharram

Q.26 Salah (prayer) was made obligatory on the night of:

(A) Hijra

✓ (B) Miraj

(C) Isra

(D) Badr

Q.27 How many times a day are Muslims required to pray?

(A) 3

(B) 4

✓ (C) 5

(D) 6

Q.28 The Shahadah (declaration of faith) consists of how many parts?

(A) 1

✓ (B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Q.29 Zakat al-Fitr is given at the end of:

(A) Hajj

✓ (B) Ramadan

(C) Muharram

(D) Rajab

Q.30 The direction Muslims face during prayer is called:

(A) Mizan

✓ (B) Qibla

(C) Mihrab

(D) Mimbar

◆ ISLAMIC HISTORY ◆

Q.31 The Battle of Badr took place in:

(A) 1 AH

✓ (B) 2 AH

(C) 3 AH

(D) 4 AH

Q.32 The Conquest of Makkah took place in:

(A) 6 AH

(B) 7 AH

✓ (C) 8 AH

(D) 9 AH

Q.33 Which was the first Islamic state established by Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)?

(A) Makkah

✓ (B) Madinah

(C) Taif

(D) Jerusalem

Q.34 The Charter of Madinah (Meesaq-e-Madinah) was established in:

✓ (A) 1 AH

(B) 2 AH

(C) 3 AH

(D) 5 AH

Q.35 The first Caliph of Islam was:

(A) Hazrat Umar (RA)

✓ (B) Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA)

(C) Hazrat Ali (RA)

(D) Hazrat Usman (RA)

Q.36 The period of the Rightly Guided Caliphs (Khulafa-e-Rashideen) lasted for approximately:

(A) 20 years

(B) 25 years

✓ (C) 30 years

(D) 40 years

Q.37 The Umayyad Caliphate was founded by:

✓ (A) Muawiyah I

(B) Yazid I

(C) Abdul Malik

(D) Umar bin Abdul Aziz

Q.38 The Abbasid Caliphate was established in:

(A) 650 CE

✓ (B) 750 CE

(C) 800 CE

(D) 850 CE

Q.39 The last Ottoman Caliph was:

(A) Abdul Hamid II

(B) Mehmed VI

✓ (C) Abdul Majid II

(D) Selim I

Q.40 Karbala tragedy took place in the year:

(A) 60 AH

✓ (B) 61 AH

(C) 62 AH

(D) 63 AH

◆ **HADITH & SUNNAH** ◆

Q.41 The most authentic collection of Hadith is:

(A) Sahih Muslim

✓ (B) Sahih Bukhari

(C) Sunan Abu Dawood

(D) Muwatta Imam Malik

Q.42 How many Hadith are in Sahih Bukhari (approximately)?

(A) 2000

(B) 5000

✓ (C) 7275

(D) 10000

Q.43 The compiler of Sahih Muslim was:

(A) Imam Bukhari

✓ (B) Imam Muslim

(C) Imam Tirmidhi

(D) Imam Abu Dawood

Q.44 Kutub al-Sitta refers to how many major Hadith collections?

(A) 4

(B) 5

✓ (C) 6

(D) 7

Q.45 The Muwatta was compiled by:

(A) Imam Shafi'i

(B) Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal

✓ (C) Imam Malik

(D) Imam Abu Hanifa

Q.46 A Hadith Qudsi is a saying attributed to:

(A) Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)

✓ (B) Allah (SWT) narrated by Prophet

(C) Sahaba

(D) Imam Bukhari

Q.47 The science of verifying and grading Hadith is called:

(A) Fiqh

✓ (B) Ulum al-Hadith / Mustalah al-Hadith

(C) Tafsir

(D) Usul al-Fiqh

Q.48 A Hadith with a continuous chain of narrators back to the Prophet is called:

(A) Mawdu

✓ (B) Muttasil

(C) Mursal

(D) Munqati

Q.49 The last sermon of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is known as:

✓ (A) Khutbat ul Wida

(B) Khutbat ul Jumma

(C) Khutbat ul Hajj

(D) Khutbat ul Nikah

Q.50 Imam Bukhari was born in the city of:

(A) Baghdad

✓ (B) Bukhara

(C) Samarkand

(D) Nishapur

◆ **FIQH & ISLAMIC LAW** ◆

Q.51 The four major schools of Sunni Islamic jurisprudence (Madhabs) are:

✓ (A) Hanafi, Maliki, Shafi'i, Hanbali

(B) Hanafi, Shafi'i, Jaafari, Maliki

(C) Maliki, Hanbali, Zahiri, Shafi'i

(D) Hanafi, Salafi, Maliki, Hanbali

Q.52 The founder of the Hanafi school of jurisprudence was:

(A) Imam Malik

(B) Imam Shafi'i

✓ (C) Imam Abu Hanifa

(D) Imam Ahmad

Q.53 Ijma (consensus) in Islamic law refers to:

(A) Quran and Sunnah

✓ (B) Scholarly consensus

(C) Analogical reasoning

(D) Public interest

Q.54 Qiyas in Islamic jurisprudence means:

(A) Consensus

✓ (B) Analogical reasoning

(C) Independent reasoning

(D) Custom

Q.55 Ijtihad means:

(A) Following a Madhab

✓ (B) Independent legal reasoning by a scholar

(C) Following Quran only

(D) Consensus of scholars

Q.56 The minimum amount of gold liable for Zakat (Nisab) is approximately:

(A) 52.5 tolas

(B) 7.5 tolas

(C) 85 grams

✓ (D) Both B & C are correct

Q.57 Nikah (Islamic marriage) requires at minimum:

✓ (A) Offer, acceptance, and witnesses

(B) Only offer and acceptance

(C) Permission from ruler

(D) Written contract only

Q.58 The Shariah term for usury or interest is:

(A) Zakat

✓ (B) Riba

(C) Gharar

(D) Maysir

Q.59 In Islamic law, Halal means:

(A) Forbidden

✓ (B) Permitted

(C) Disliked

(D) Obligatory

Q.60 The concept of Waqf in Islam refers to:

(A) Almsgiving

✓ (B) Permanent charitable endowment

(C) Tax

(D) Inheritance

◆ PROPHETS & ISLAMIC STORIES ◆

Q.61 How many prophets are mentioned by name in the Holy Quran?

(A) 15

(B) 20

✓ (C) 25

(D) 30

Q.62 The first Prophet of Allah was:

(A) Ibrahim (AS)

(B) Nuh (AS)

✓ (C) Adam (AS)

(D) Idris (AS)

Q.63 Prophet Ibrahim (AS) is given the title of:

(A) Ruhullah

✓ (B) Khalilullah

(C) Kaleemullah

(D) Habibullah

Q.64 Prophet Musa (AS) received the holy book called:

(A) Injeel

(B) Zabur

✓ (C) Taurat

(D) Suhuf

Q.65 Prophet Isa (AS) received the holy book called:

(A) Taurat

(B) Zabur

✓ (C) Injeel

(D) Quran

Q.66 The Prophet known as 'Kaleemullah' (one who spoke with Allah) is:

(A) Ibrahim (AS)

(B) Isa (AS)

✓ (C) Musa (AS)

(D) Idris (AS)

Q.67 Prophet Dawud (AS) received the holy book called:

(A) Taurat

✓ (B) Zabur

(C) Injeel

(D) Suhuf

Q.68 Who built the Kaabah with his son?

(A) Prophet Nuh (AS)

(B) Prophet Ibrahim (AS)

(C) Prophet Ismail (AS)

✓ (D) Both B and C

Q.69 Prophet Yunus (AS) was swallowed by a:

(A) Snake

✓ (B) Whale / large fish

(C) Lion

(D) Eagle

Q.70 Which prophet is associated with the story of the 'People of the Cave' (Ashab al-Kahf)?

(A) Prophet Isa (AS)

(B) Prophet Musa (AS)

✓ (C) Story is about pious youth, not a prophet

(D) Prophet Yahya (AS)

◆ PAKISTAN & ISLAM ◆

Q.71 The Objectives Resolution was passed in:

(A) 1947

✓ (B) 1949

(C) 1956

(D) 1962

Q.72 The first Islamic Republic in the world was:

(A) Saudi Arabia

(B) Iran

✓ (C) Pakistan

(D) Turkey

Q.73 Pakistan's Constitution declares Islam as the state religion in article:

(A) Article 1

✓ (B) Article 2

(C) Article 25

(D) Article 31

Q.74 The Council of Islamic Ideology (CII) was established in:

(A) 1956

✓ (B) 1962

(C) 1973

(D) 1980

Q.75 Allama Iqbal's famous Allahabad Address calling for a separate Muslim state was delivered in:

(A) 1928

✓ (B) 1930

(C) 1935

(D) 1940

Q.76 The Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah declared that Pakistan's constitution would be based on:

(A) Socialism

(B) Democracy only

✓ (C) Quran and Sunnah

(D) Secularism

Q.77 Federal Shariat Court of Pakistan was established in:

(A) 1973

(B) 1978

✓ (C) 1980

(D) 1985

Q.78 The Islamiyat subject became compulsory in Pakistani schools under:

(A) Ayub Khan

(B) Yahya Khan

(C) Zulfikar Ali Bhutto

✓ (D) Zia ul Haq

Q.79 Zia ul Haq introduced the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance in:

(A) 1978

(B) 1979

✓ (C) 1980

(D) 1982

Q.80 The 'Two-Nation Theory' is based on the principle that:

✓ (A) Muslims and Hindus are two separate civilizations

(B) Pakistan needs two provinces

(C) Islam has two sects

(D) Muslims need two leaders

◆ ISLAMIC CONCEPTS & BELIEFS ◆

Q.81 The belief in the Oneness of Allah is called:

(A) Iman

✓ (B) Tawhid

(C) Tawakkul

(D) Taqwa

Q.82 Associating partners with Allah is called:

(A) Kufr

✓ (B) Shirk

(C) Nifaq

(D) Fisq

Q.83 Iman-e-Mujmal refers to:

(A) Detailed faith

✓ (B) Brief declaration of faith

(C) Conditional faith

(D) Public faith

Q.84 The belief in the Day of Judgement is called:

(A) Akhirah

(B) Yawm al-Qiyamah

✓ (C) Both A and B

(D) Barzakh

Q.85 Taqwa means:

(A) Prayer

(B) Fasting

✓ (C) God-consciousness / piety

(D) Charity

Q.86 The Islamic concept of life after death is called:

(A) Barzakh

✓ (B) Akhirah

(C) Jannah

(D) Jahannam

Q.87 Israfil is the angel responsible for blowing the:

(A) Recording deeds

✓ (B) Trumpet (Sur) on Day of Judgement

(C) Taking souls

(D) Guarding heaven

Q.88 The concept of Qadar in Islam refers to:

(A) Prayer

✓ (B) Predestination / Divine decree

(C) Charity

(D) Fasting

Q.89 Barzakh refers to:

(A) Paradise

(B) Hell

✓ (C) The barrier / state between death and resurrection

(D) The grave

Q.90 The Islamic term for repentance is:

(A) Shukr

(B) Sabr

✓ (C) Tawbah

(D) Zikr

◆ MISCELLANEOUS ISLAMIC FACTS ◆

Q.91 The Zamzam well is located in:

(A) Madinah

✓ (B) Makkah (inside Masjid al-Haram)

(C) Taif

(D) Jerusalem

Q.92 Masjid al-Nabawi (Prophet's Mosque) is located in:

(A) Makkah

✓ (B) Madinah

(C) Jerusalem

(D) Taif

Q.93 The Night of Power (Laylat al-Qadr) is found in the last:

(A) 5 nights of Ramadan

✓ (B) 10 nights of Ramadan

(C) 15 nights of Ramadan

(D) 3 nights of Ramadan

Q.94 The Islamic calendar is based on the:

(A) Solar year

✓ (B) Lunar year

(C) Lunisolar year

(D) Gregorian year

Q.95 The first Hijri year began with the migration from Makkah to:

(A) Taif

✓ (B) Madinah

(C) Jerusalem

(D) Abyssinia

Q.96 Eid al-Adha commemorates the willingness of Prophet _____ to sacrifice his son:

(A) Musa (AS)

✓ (B) Ibrahim (AS)

(C) Ismail (AS)

(D) Dawud (AS)

Q.97 How many days does the Hajj pilgrimage last?

(A) 3 days

✓ (B) 5 days

(C) 7 days

(D) 10 days

Q.98 The Tawaf (circling the Kaaba) is performed how many times?

(A) 5

(B) 6

✓ (C) 7

(D) 8

Q.99 The book 'Ihya Ulum al-Din' (Revival of Religious Sciences) was written by:

(A) Ibn Khaldun

✓ (B) Imam Ghazali

(C) Ibn Rushd

(D) Ibn Sina

Q.100 The city of Jerusalem is holy to Muslims because it was the first:

(A) Capital of Islam

✓ (B) Qibla (direction of prayer)

(C) Islamic university

(D) Mosque built

◆ COMPLETE ANSWER KEY ◆

Q#	Ans	Q#	Ans	Q#	Ans	Q#	Ans	Q#	Ans
1	B	2	C	3	C	4	B	5	C
6	B	7	A	8	B	9	C	10	D
11	B	12	B	13	B	14	B	15	C
16	B	17	B	18	C	19	B	20	B
21	C	22	A	23	B	24	B	25	B
26	B	27	C	28	B	29	B	30	B
31	B	32	C	33	B	34	A	35	B
36	C	37	A	38	B	39	C	40	B
41	B	42	C	43	B	44	C	45	C
46	B	47	B	48	B	49	A	50	B
51	A	52	C	53	B	54	B	55	B
56	D	57	A	58	B	59	B	60	B
61	C	62	C	63	B	64	C	65	C
66	C	67	B	68	D	69	B	70	C
71	B	72	C	73	B	74	B	75	B
76	C	77	C	78	D	79	C	80	A
81	B	82	B	83	B	84	C	85	C
86	B	87	B	88	B	89	C	90	C
91	B	92	B	93	B	94	B	95	B
96	B	97	B	98	C	99	B	100	B

★ Correct answers are highlighted in GREEN throughout the paper. ✓ marks indicate the correct option. Best of luck for your exam! ★